



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

**Allos Therapeutics, Inc.**  
**11080 CirclePoint Road**  
**Suite 200**  
**Westminster, CO 80020**  
**Main: +1 (303) 426-6262**  
**Fax: +1 (303) 426-4731**  
**E-mail: msds@ALLOS.com**

**Emergency telephone number (Chemtrec):**

1-(800) 424-9300 (US and Canada)  
1-(703) 527-3887  
(collect calls accepted)

<b>Product identifier</b>	Pralatrexate
<b>Synonyms</b>	<i>N</i> -{4-[1-(2,4-diaminopteridin-6-yl)pent-4-yn-2-yl]benzoyl}- <i>L</i> -glutamic acid, (2 <i>S</i> )-2-[[4-[(1 <i>RS</i> )-1-[(2,4-diaminopteridin-6-yl)methyl]but-3-ynyl]benzoyl]amino]pentanedioic acid, ( <i>RS</i> )-10-propargyl-10-deazaaminopterin, PDX
<b>Trade names</b>	FOLOTYN® (formulated pralatrexate)
<b>Chemical family</b>	Folic acid analog
<b>Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against</b>	Active pharmaceutical ingredient; indicated for the treatment of relapsed or refractory peripheral T-cell lymphoma
<b>Note</b>	The ecological properties of this substance have not been fully characterized. This data sheet will be updated as more data become available.
<b>Issue Date</b>	30 July 2010

### SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

**Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [GHS]** Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A. Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 2.. Acute toxicity - oral - Category 4. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 1.

**Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC** T - R60 (Repro. Cat. 1), R61 (Repro. Cat. 1), R48/23/25, R68 (Muta. Cat. 3), R22

---

**SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION ...continued**

---

**Label elements****CLP/GHS hazard pictogram****CLP/GHS signal word**

Danger

**CLP/GHS hazard statements**

H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects. H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H372 - Causes damage to hematological system, gastrointestinal system, liver and bone marrow through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**CLP/GHS precautionary statements**

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P260 - Do not breathe dust. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required. P308 + P313 - If exposed or concerned: get medical advice/attention. P301+P312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a Poison Center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P330 - Rinse mouth. P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/container to location in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**EU symbol/indication of danger**

T- Toxic.

**Risk (R) Phrase(s)**

R60 - May impair fertility. R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child. R68 - Possible risk of irreversible effects. R48/23/25 - Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation and if swallowed. R22 - Harmful if swallowed.

**Safety Advice**

S22 - Do not breathe dust. S36/37 - Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. S53 - Avoid exposure - Obtain special instructions before use.

**Other hazards**

Pralatrexate is a cytotoxic anticancer agent. The most commonly occurring adverse effects with therapeutic use of pralatrexate include mucositis, thrombocytopenia, nausea and fatigue. Other adverse effects may include bone marrow suppression, hematological toxicity, gastrointestinal toxicity and liver toxicity. Reproductive, developmental and genotoxic effects have been observed in humans exposed to the mechanistically and structurally related compound, methotrexate.

**US Signal word**

Caution

---

## SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION ...continued

---

<b>US Hazard overview</b>	Cytotoxic drug. May adversely affect the developing fetus and/or cause adverse reproductive effects. May cause birth defects. May cause hematological system, gastrointestinal system, liver and bone marrow damage. May be genotoxic. May be harmful if swallowed.
<b>Note</b>	This substance is classified as dangerous/hazardous according to Directive 67/548/EEC, Regulation EC No 1272/2008 (EU CLP), and applicable US regulations. The EU symbol/indicator of danger, R Phrases and Safety Advice are based on Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC. See Section 16 for full text of EU and GHS classifications.

---

## SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

---

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>CAS #</u>	<u>EINECS/ ELINCS#</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>EU Classification</u>	<u>GHS Classification</u>
Pralatrexate	146464-95-1	N/A	~100%	Toxic - T; R60, R61, R48/23/25, R68, R22	RT1A: H360FD; STOT-R1: H372; GCM2: H341; ATO4: H302

<b>Note</b>	The ingredient(s) listed above are considered dangerous/hazardous. The remaining components are non-dangerous/not hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. See Section 16 for full text of EU and GHS classifications. The EU classification is based on Directive 67/548/EEC and the GHS classification is based on Regulation (EC) 1272/2008.
-------------	---

---

## SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

---

### Description of first aid measures

<b>Immediate Medical Attention Needed</b>	Yes - delayed effects may occur.
<b>Eye Contact</b>	If easy to do, remove contact lenses, if worn. Immediately flush eyes with copious quantities of water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation occurs or persists, notify medical personnel and supervisor.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Wash exposed area with soap and water and remove contaminated clothing/shoes. If irritation occurs or persists, notify medical personnel and supervisor.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Immediately move exposed subject to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is labored, administer oxygen. Immediately notify medical personnel and supervisor.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Do not give anything to drink unless directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Notify medical personnel and supervisor.

---

## SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES ...continued

---

<b>Protection of first aid responders</b>	See Section 8 for Exposure Controls/Personal Protection recommendations.
<b>Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed</b>	See Sections 2 and 11.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary</b>	Contains a folic acid analog. Calcium leucovorin is a potent agent for neutralizing the toxic effects of methotrexate on the hematopoietic system and may therefore also neutralize the effects of pralatrexate. Treat symptomatically and supportively. If accidental exposure occurs to an individual who is also taking one or more concomitant medications, consult the respective package or prescribing information for potential drug interactions.

---

## SECTION 5 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

---

<b>Extinguishing media</b>	Use water spray (fog), foam, dry powder, or carbon dioxide, as appropriate for surrounding fire and materials.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture</b>	No information identified. May emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and oxides of nitrogen.
<b>Flammability/Explosivity</b>	Not considered to be a fire hazard. No explosivity data available. High concentrations of finely divided airborne organic particles can potentially explode if ignited.
<b>Advice for firefighters</b>	Wear full protective clothing and a self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. Decontaminate all equipment after use.

---

## SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

---

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	If product is released or spilled, take proper precautions to minimize exposure by using appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Area should be adequately ventilated. Do not breathe dust.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment.
<b>Methods and material for containment and cleaning up</b>	DO NOT RAISE DUST. Surround spill or powder with absorbents and place a damp cloth or towel over the area to minimize entry of powder into the air. Add excess liquid to allow the material to enter solution. Capture remaining liquid onto spill absorbents. Place spill materials into a leak-proof container suitable for disposal in accordance with applicable waste disposal regulations (see Section 13). Decontaminate the area twice.

---

**SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES ...continued**

---

**Reference to other sections** See Sections 8 and 13 for more information.

---

**SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

---

**Precautions for safe handling** Follow recommendations for handling potent cytotoxic pharmaceutical agents (i.e., use of engineering controls and/or other personal protective equipment if needed). Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities** Store in a refrigerator between 2-8°C away from incompatible materials. Avoid extreme temperatures. Keep out of reach of children. Protect from light and heat. Store locked up.

**Specific end use(s)** No information identified.

---

**SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

---

**Control Parameters/  
Occupational Exposure  
Limit Values**

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Issuer</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>OEL</u>
Pralatrexate	Allos	TWA-8 HR	0.4 µg/m

**DNELs/PNECs** None identified.

**Exposure/Engineering controls** Control exposures to below the OEL (if available). Otherwise, selection and use of containment devices and personal protective equipment should be based on a risk assessment of exposure potential. Open handling should not be performed when handling potent substances, or substances of unknown toxicity. Material should be handled inside a closed process, ventilated enclosure, isolator or device of equivalent or better control that is suitable for dusts and/or aerosols.

**Respiratory protection** Choice of respiratory protection should be appropriate to the task and the level of existing engineering controls. For routine powder handling tasks, an approved and properly worn powered air-purifying respirator equipped with HEPA filters or combination filters should provide ancillary protection based on the known or foreseeable limitations of existing engineering controls. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, when exposure levels are not known, or in any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Hand protection** Wear nitrile or other impervious gloves if skin contact is possible. Double gloves should be considered. When the material is dissolved or suspended in an organic solvent, wear gloves that provide protection against the solvent.

**Skin protection** Wear appropriate gloves, lab coat, or other protective overgarment if skin contact is likely. Base the choice of skin protection on the job activity, potential for skin contact and solvents and reagents in use.

---

**SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ...continued**

---

<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Wear safety glasses with side shields, chemical splash goggles, or full face shield, if necessary. Base the choice of protection on the job activity and potential for contact with eyes or face. An emergency eye wash station should be available.
<b>Environmental Exposure Controls</b>	Avoid release to the environment and operate within closed systems wherever practicable. Air and liquid emissions should be directed to appropriate pollution control devices. In case of spill, do not release to drains. Implement appropriate and effective emergency response procedures to prevent release or spread of contamination and to prevent inadvertent contact by personnel.
<b>Other protective measures</b>	Wash hands in the event of contact with this substance, especially before eating, drinking or smoking. Protective equipment is not to be worn outside the work area (e.g., in common areas or out-of-doors).

---

**SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

---

**Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<b>Appearance</b>	Solid
<b>Color</b>	Off-white to yellow
<b>Odor</b>	No information identified.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	No information identified.
<b>pH</b>	No information identified.
<b>Melting point/ freezing point</b>	216-220°C
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	No information identified.
<b>Flash point</b>	No information identified.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	No information identified.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	No information identified.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	No information identified.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	No information identified.
<b>Vapor density</b>	No information identified.
<b>Relative density</b>	No information identified.
<b>Water solubility</b>	Insoluble unless pH is adjusted to 7.5-8.5

---

**SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES** ...continued

---

<b>Solvent solubility</b>	Practically insoluble in chloroform and ethanol; >0.3 mg/mL in 0.1N sodium hydroxide and 0.1N hydrochloric acid
<b>Partition coefficient (<i>n</i>-octanol/water)</b>	No information identified.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	No information identified.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	No information identified.
<b>Viscosity</b>	No information identified.
<b>Explosive properties</b>	No information identified.
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	No information identified.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Molecular weight</b>	477.5
<b>Molecular formula</b>	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>23</sub> N <sub>7</sub> O <sub>5</sub>

---

**SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

---

<b>Reactivity</b>	No information identified.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Chemically stable; pharmacological stability not guaranteed beyond expiration date imprinted on package.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Not expected to occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid exposure to light. Avoid extreme temperatures.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizers
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Products of decomposition may include nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

---

**SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

---

**Information on  
toxicological effects**

**Route of entry** May be absorbed by inhalation, skin contact and ingestion.

**Acute toxicity**

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Route</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Dose</u>
Pralatrexate	--	--	--	--

**Irritation/Corrosion** No data available.

---

**SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** ...continued

---

<b>Sensitization</b>	No data available.
<b>STOT-single exposure</b>	No data available.
<b>STOT-repeated exposure/Repeat-dose toxicity</b>	<p>A conservative estimate of the intravenous (IV) LD<sub>50</sub> in mice and rats treated once weekly for up to 3 weeks is 370 and 110 mg/kg pralatrexate, respectively.</p> <p>Repeat-dose IV toxicity studies of up to 28 weeks and 9 months were conducted in rats and dogs, respectively. Animals were dosed in 7-week cycles (treatment was once per week for 6 weeks followed by 1 dose-free week). Target organs of toxicity in these studies included the hematological system, spleen, testes, gastrointestinal tract and/or the bone marrow. NOAELs of 5 and 0.1 mg/kg were identified in rats and dogs, respectively.</p>
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	No studies were identified for pralatrexate. Reproductive organ toxicity, impaired spermatogenesis and decreased fertility have been reported in non-clinical studies with methotrexate.
<b>Developmental toxicity</b>	Pralatrexate was embryotoxic and/or fetotoxic in rats and rabbits treated with IV doses as low as 60 and 30 µg/kg/day, respectively.
<b>Genotoxicity</b>	Pralatrexate did not cause mutations in the Ames bacterial mutagenicity assay or the Chinese hamster cell chromosome aberration test. However these tests do not reliably predict genotoxicity for this class of compounds. Pralatrexate was also negative in the mouse <i>in vivo</i> micronucleus assay. Methotrexate has been shown to be genotoxic to germ cells in several test systems.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	No studies were identified for pralatrexate. This substance is not listed by NTP, IARC, ACGIH or OSHA as a carcinogen. Methotrexate is classified as IARC Group 3 (not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans).
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	No data available.
<b>Human health data</b>	Pralatrexate is a cytotoxic anticancer agent. The most commonly occurring adverse effects with therapeutic use of pralatrexate include mucositis, thrombocytopenia, nausea and fatigue. Other adverse effects may include bone marrow suppression, hematological toxicity, gastrointestinal toxicity and liver toxicity. Reproductive, developmental and genotoxic effects have been observed in humans exposed to the mechanistically and structurally related compound, methotrexate.

---

**SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

---

**Toxicity**

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Concentration</u>
Pralatrexate	--	--	--

**Persistence and Degradability** No data available.

**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available.



---

**SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** ...continued

---

<b>Mobility in soil</b>	No data available.
<b>Results of PBT and vPvB assessment</b>	Not performed.
<b>Other adverse effects</b>	No data available.
<b>Note</b>	The environmental characteristics of this substance have not been fully investigated. Releases to the environment should be avoided.

---

**SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

---

<b>Waste treatment methods</b>	Dispose of wastes in accordance to prescribed federal, state, and local guidelines, e.g., appropriately permitted chemical waste incinerator. Do not send down the drain or flush down the toilet. All wastes containing the material should be properly labeled. Rinse waters resulting from spill cleanups should be discharged in an environmentally safe manner, e.g., appropriately permitted municipal or on-site wastewater treatment facility.
--------------------------------	--

---

**SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

---

<b>Transport</b>	Based on the available data, this substance is not regulated as a hazardous material/dangerous good under EU ADR/RID, US DOT, Canada TDG, IATA, or IMDG.
<b>UN number</b>	None assigned.
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	None assigned.
<b>Transport hazard classes and packing group</b>	None assigned.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Based on the available data, this substance is not regulated as an environmental hazard or a marine pollutant.
<b>Special precautions for users</b>	Avoid release to the environment.
<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code</b>	Not applicable.

---

## SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

---

<b>Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture</b>	This SDS complies with the requirements under US, EU and GHS (EU CLP - Regulation EC No 1272/2008) guidelines. Consult your local or regional authorities for more information.
<b>Chemical safety assessment</b>	Not conducted.
<b>OSHA Hazardous</b>	Yes. Caution. May adversely affect the developing fetus and/or cause adverse reproductive effects. May cause birth defects. May cause hematological system, gastrointestinal system, liver and bone marrow damage. May be genotoxic. May be harmful if swallowed.
<b>WHMIS classification</b>	Not required. Drugs are not subject to WHMIS. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.
<b>TSCA status</b>	Drugs are exempt from TSCA.
<b>SARA section 313</b>	Not listed.
<b>California proposition 65</b>	Not listed. However, methotrexate is listed as a developmental toxicant.
<b>Additional information</b>	Methotrexate is listed as a hazardous drug by NIOSH.

---

## SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

---

<b>Full text of R phrases and EU Classifications</b>	T - Toxic. R22 - Harmful if swallowed. R48/23/25 - Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation and if swallowed. R60 - May impair fertility. R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child. R68 - Possible risk of irreversible effects. Muta. Cat. 3 - Mutagenic Category 3. Repr. Cat. 1 - Toxic for reproduction Category 1.
<b>Full text of H phrases, P phrases and GHS classification</b>	ATO4 - Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4. STOT-R1 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity Following Repeat Exposure Category 1. RT1A - Reproductive toxicity Category 1A. GCM2 - Germ Cell Mutagenicity Category 2. H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects. H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H372 - Causes damage to hematological system, gastrointestinal system, liver and bone marrow through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>Sources of data</b>	Information from published literature and internal company data.
<b>Abbreviations</b>	ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR/RID - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail; AIHA - American Industrial Hygiene Association; CAS# - Chemical Abstract Services Number; DNEL - Derived No Effect Level; DOT - Department of Transportation; EINECS - European Inventory of New and Existing Chemical Substances; ELINCS - European List of Notified Chemical Substances; EU - European Union; GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and

---

**SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION ...continued**

---

**Abbreviations  
...continued**

Labeling of Chemicals; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; LOEL - Lowest Observed Effect Level; LOAEL - Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level; NIOSH - The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NOEL - No Observed Effect Level; NOAEL - No Observed Adverse Effect Level; NTP - National Toxicology Program; OEL - Occupational Exposure Limit; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act; TWA - Time Weighted Average; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

**Revisions**

Updated formatting in accordance with General US, EU, and GHS (EU CLP) requirements.

**Disclaimer**

The above information is based on data available to us and is believed to be correct. Since the information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use and all persons receiving it must make their own determination of the effects, properties and protections which pertain to their particular conditions.

No representation, warranty, or guarantee, express or implied (including a warranty of fitness or merchantability for a particular purpose), is made with respect to the materials, the accuracy of this information, the results to be obtained from the use thereof, or the hazards connected with the use of the material. Caution should be used in the handling and use of the material because it is a potent pharmaceutical product. The above information is offered in good faith and with the belief that it is accurate. As of the date of issuance, we are providing all information relevant to the foreseeable handling of the material. However, in the event of an adverse incident associated with this product, this Safety Data Sheet is not, and is not intended to be, a substitute for consultation with appropriately trained personnel.