# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Cannabidiol Oral Solution (Epidiolex) –100 mg/ml in Sesame Oil

This Safety Data Sheet contains information concerning the potential risks to those involved in handling, transporting and working with the material, as well as describing potential risks to the consumer and the environment. This information must be made available to those who may come into contact with the material or are responsible for the use of the material. This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with formatting described in the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, and described in CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Cannabidiol Oral Solution -100 mg/ml in Sesame Oil

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Pharmaceutical product

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GW Pharmaceuticals, Sovereign House, Vision Park, Histon, Cambridge CB24 9BZ, UK

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Tel: +44 (0) 1795 431650 Hours: 0900h to 1730h Monday to Friday ehss@g-pharm.com

# **SECTION 2: Hazards Identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Liquid Category 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour

#### 2.2 Label elements



### Danger

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces – no smoking

P233 Keep contain tightly closed

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P370 In case of fire, use chemical foam, carbon dioxide P403

Store in a well ventilated place

P501 Dispose of contents / container as flammable laboratory waste in accordance with local/national regulations.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Possible narcotic effects in case of over exposure

# **Section 3 COMPOSITION**

#### 3.1 Substances

Not applicable, the product is a mixture.

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Concentrated cannabis extract (CBD) in mixture with vegetable oil, ethanol with sweetening and flavour

Name		Conc	Classification
2-[3-methyl-6-(1-methylethenyl)-2- cyclohexen-1-yl]-5-pentyl-1,3-Benzenediol [Cannabidiol]	EC not assigned CAS 13956-29-1	10%	Acute Toxic 4, H302 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413
Ethanol	CAS 64-17-5 EC 200-578-6 Index 603-002-00-5	7.9%	Flam Liq 2 H225 Eye Irrit. 2 H319
Sesame oil	CAS 8008-74-0 EC 232-370-6	82%	Not considered hazardous
Sucralose and flavour		< 0.1%	Not considered hazardous

Full H Statements are given in Section 16

### **SECTION 4: First Aid Measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

EYE CONTACT: Rinse eyes with water. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

INHALATION: If symptoms of overexposure are experienced, move to fresh air and keep still.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash affected area with soap and water. If irritation or rash develops, seek medical attention.

INGESTION: Seek medical attention immediately. Vomiting may be induced under medical supervision.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

INGESTION: Nausea, narcotic activity

INHALATION: Dizziness

EYES: Redness, discomfort, watering

SKIN: Redness, itching, rash

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatments needed

Treat as for cannabis overdose.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Use chemical foam, carbon dioxide. Treat as for vegetable oils.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Forms acrid fumes, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide in a fire. May give off narcotic fumes.

# 5.3 Advice for fire fighters

Avoid inhalation of fumes. If feeling unwell, remove to fresh air and treat as for cannabis effects.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For cleaning spillage, gloves resistant to ethanol required. Spill area may be slippery.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent run-off to surface water or drains.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and clearing up

SMALL SPILLS (under 1 litre): Absorb onto cloth or mop and place contaminated materials in a suitable container for disposal. Wash area with water and if no risk for environmental contamination, use detergents.

LARGE SPILLS: (more than 1 litre): Use absorbent materials suitable for oils products and place in suitable container for disposal as chemical waste. Coveralls and gloves resistant to oil products required.

#### 6.4 References to other sections

See section 8 for further advice on protective equipment and section 13 for further advice on disposal.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and Storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Do not allow this material to come in contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin. Use in well-ventilated areas with at least 3 air exchanges per hour. For laboratory use, handle under fume extraction hoods or in areas of laminar ventilation.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Do not store > 30°C

Employees should thoroughly wash hands with soap and water after handling this material.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed when not in use, and in a cool, dry place away from direct sunlight. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces – no smoking.

#### 7.3 Specific end uses(s)

Only for use as research product or for medicinal uses

# **SECTION 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

# 8.1 Control parameters

Component	CAS No	Value Form of Exposure	Control Parameters (WEL)	Basis
	040 40050 00 4		\ /	0.61.11
Cannabidiol	CAS 13956-29-1	TWA 8 Hour	500 μg/m3	Safebridge Inc.
Ethanol	CAS 64-17-5	TWA 8 Hour	1000 ppm	EH40
			1920 mg/m3	

# 8.2 Exposure controls

# **Engineering controls**

Normal room ventilation is usually adequate (> 3 air exchanges per hour). For laboratory use, handle under fume extraction hoods or in areas of laminar ventilation.

#### Respiratory protection

Not normally required when handling in small quantities. If working in areas where spray can be formed or if handling at > 40°C, respiratory protective equipment is required suitable for the working conditions.

# Hand Protection

In case of contact, wear gloves suitable for handling ethanol (nitrile or neoprene) or fat soluble materials. Change gloves in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. If gloves are damaged during use, remove immediately and wash hands before replacing with new gloves.

# **Eye protection**

Not normally required when handling in small quantities < 100 ml, but considered good practice.

When handling > 100 ml quantities, eve protection is recommended.

#### Skin protection

Laboratory coat or coverall should be worn to avoid skin contact.

#### General Hygiene Considerations

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Launder protective clothing on regular basis and after contamination.

### Environmental exposure controls

Precautions should be taken to avoid accidental release to water courses

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance: Yellow vegetable oil solution

Odour: Slight alcoholic smell

Odour threshold:No datapH:Not applicableMelting point:Liquid at 0°C

**Boiling point:** Will degrade > 100° C

**Flashpoint:** Measured 18.5°C. Will support combustion

Evaporation rate: No data
Flammability (solid, gas): Liquid
Upper/lower flammability limits: No data

Vapour pressure: Ethanol component volatile

Vapour density No data

Relative density No data. Estimated < 0.95 based on oil

**Solubility in water:** Estimated < 10 mg/l based on oil, but ethanol fraction soluble Miscible in a wide range of polar and hydrocarbon solvents

Partition coefficient (log Kow) Estimated Log Kow > 3 for oil and CBC

Autoignition temperature No data

Decomposition temperatureConsidered > 100°CViscosityMore viscous than waterExplosive propertiesNot classified as explosiveOxidising propertiesNot classified as oxidising

#### 9.1 Other information

None

### **SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Not known to be dangerously reactive.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur. Avoid contact with incompatible materials (see section 10.5)

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No specific conditions.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

None known.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

This product has not been tested. The active component is subject to medical research and is known to be biologically active at low concentrations.

(a) acute toxicity Active CBD tolerated by humans orally 1500 mg/day

Active CBD tolerated in mice 500 mg/kg/day over 14 days, dietary Cannabidiol oral solution 100 mg/ml not considered to be sufficiently

harmful to require classification for supply.

(b) skin corrosion/irritation(c) serious eye damage/irritationMay give mild skin irritation, but not classified as irritant.May be mildly irritant to the eye, but not classified as irritant.

(d) respiratory/skin sensitisation Plant extracts may produce an allergic reaction to the skin of some

individuals

Cannabidiol oral solution 100 mg/ml has given no indications of

sensitising reactions during handling or use

(e) germ cell mutagenicity

The active component is not considered to be mutagenic from pre-

clinical in-vitro testing.

(f) carcinogenicity The components are not classified as a carcinogen by IARC

There was no evidence that administration of CBD as CBD Botanical Drug Substance (BDS) influenced tumour formation at up to 50 mg

CBD/kg/day in a 2 year rat dietary carcinogenicity study.

(g) reproductive toxicity

No indication of reproductive or teratogenic effects from data derived

for pre-clinical testing of active component.

(h) STOT-single exposure Not expected to cause systemic effects to organs on single exposure.

(i) STOT-repeated exposure Not expected to cause systemic effects to organs on repeated

exposure.

(i) aspiration hazard Not applicable. Non-hydrocarbon.

#### **Furtherinformation**

This is an active form of a medicinal product that is known to have biological effects at low concentrations. Exposure must be avoided where possible.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological Information**

This product has not been tested. Evaluation using EPISuite model has suggested that aquatic toxicity is unlikely within the limits of water solubility.

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Active CBD not considered hazardous to aquatic organisms at the limit of solubility in water.

Oil and ethanol not considered harmful to aquatic organisms

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

The product is composed of naturally occurring plant oils with ethanol and is expected to be ultimately biodegradable.

It is not considered readily biodegradable within the definition of meeting the 10-day window for 60%.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not expected to be bioaccumulative as this class of substance will metabolise.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

Predicted to be of low mobility in soil, but will biodegrade

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

There are no indications that this product contains substances likely to be classified as PBT/vPvB.

# 12.6 Other adverse effects

None

# **SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations**

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Recovery and recycling are not possible. Incinerate or dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Dispose of packaging material as low-hazard laboratory or medical packaging waste within scope of local regulations.

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

Not classified as dangerous goods, no labelling for transport is required when carried in accordance with Special Provision 601 (ADR).

	ADR	IMDG	ICAO
14.1 UN Number	1170	1170	1170
14.2 UN Proper shipping	ETHANOL SOLUTION	ETHANOL SOLUTION	ETHANOL SOLUTION
name			
14.3 Transport hazard	Class 3	Class 3	Class 3
class(es)			
14.4 Packing group	11	II	II
14.5 Environmental	None	None	None
hazards			
14.6 Special precautions	None	None	None
for user			
14.7 Transport in bulk	Notapplicable	Not shipped in bulk	Notapplicable
according to Annex II of			
MARPOL 73/78 and the			
IBC Code			

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory Information**

**15.1** Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture The product is considered to be a controlled substance as defined by the UK Controlled Drugs (Supervision of management and use) Regulations 2013

# 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for this product.

### **SECTION 16: Other Information**

#### Revision information:

This is revision of previous SDS, formatted to meet Regulation (EU) No 2015/830

# List of Abbreviations used in this SDS:

- CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
- CBD Canabidiol
- CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) no 1272/2008
- DSD Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC
- DPD Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC
- EC European Community/Commission
- PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- REACHRegistration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) no 1907/2006
- UVCB Unknown, Variable Chemical or of Biological origin
- vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

#### References:

EPISuite – US Environmental Protection Agency environmental modelling

# Method used for classification of mixtures:

Ingredient based approach

#### H Statements used in Section 2 and/or 3

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

# Training requirements for workers

Those handling this material need to be fully aware of potential biological effects and symptoms of over-exposure